

THE STATE OF THE WORLD'S CHILDREN *SPECIAL EDITION*
Celebrating 20 Years of the Convention on the Rights of the Child

ERRATA

Please note the following corrections in bold:

Page 7

Panel, third column, 2nd paragraph, 2nd sentence should read: By July 2009, the Optional Protocol had been ratified by 132 countries and signed by a further **30**.

Page 14

Panel, 1st column, 2nd paragraph, 1st sentence should read: After ratifying the Convention on the Rights of the Child on 16 **June** 1995, the architects of the new South Africa embedded its precepts into their country's constitution.

Page 22

Panel, 1st column, 2nd paragraph, 1st sentence should read: China ratified the Convention in March 1992, the Optional on the Sale of children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography in December 2002, and the Optional Protocol on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict in **February 2008**.

Page 23

Panel, 1st column, 2nd paragraph, 1st sentence should read: One of six countries to convene the World Summit for Children in 1990, Egypt ratified the Convention in **July** of that year.

Page 29

Panel, 2nd column, third paragraph, 2nd sentence should read: The special Court for Sierra Leone, set up to try those responsible for the most serious violations of human rights, **indicted** all nine defendants — including former president **of Liberia** Charles Taylor — of recruiting children to fight as combatants.

Page 69

Panel, 1st column, third paragraph, 2nd sentence should read: Besides ratifying the Convention, on 26 **April** 1994, and its two Optional protocols, the country has also ratified CEDAW, the African Charters on Human and people's Rights (and its protocol on women's rights) and the African charters on the Rights and Welfare of the Child.